



# 17302

11718

3 Hours / 100 Marks

Seat No.

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- Instructions :**
- (1) All questions are **compulsory**.
  - (2) Answer **each** next main question on a **new** page.
  - (3) Illustrate your answers with **neat** sketches **wherever** necessary.
  - (4) Figures to the **right** indicate **full** marks.
  - (5) Assume suitable data, **if necessary**.
  - (6) Use of Non-programmable Electronic Pocket Calculator is **permissible**.
  - (7) Mobile Phone, Pager and **any other** Electronic Communication devices are **not permissible** in Examination Hall.

**Marks**

1. A) Attempt **any six** :

**12**

- a) Sketch symbol and label terminals of
  - i) PNP transistor
  - ii) Photodiode.
- b) State input and output terminals in CB and CE configuration of BJT.
- c) Draw the circuit diagram of an op-amp as inverting amplifier.
- d) Draw the symbol of NOR gate. Give its truth table.
- e) What are the advantages of Flexible Manufacturing System (FMS) ? (any four)
- f) List different types of flip-flops.
- g) List the different types of oscillators.
- h) Define intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor.

B) Attempt **any two** :

**8**

- a) Define line regulation and load regulation.
- b) What is thermal runaway ? How it is avoided ?
- c) State selection criteria for transducer. (any 4)

2. Attempt **any four** :

**16**

- a) Describe the working of center tapped full wave rectifier with circuit diagram and waveform.
- b) List different biasing methods of BJT. Draw the circuit diagram of fixed bias circuit method.
- c) Draw and explain block diagram of op-amp.
- d) Explain half adder with its logical circuit diagram and truth table.
- e) Draw and explain single channel Data Acquisition System (DAS).
- f) Explain briefly Advance Vehicle Control System (AVCS).

**P.T.O.**

**3. Attempt any four :****16**

- a) Draw and explain the characteristics of zener diode with circuit diagram.
- b) Compare astable and bistable multivibrator. (any 4 points)
- c) Draw 4-bit ring counter circuit.
- d) State any four applications of Digital to Analog Converter (DAC).
- e) Draw the block diagram of CNC system and state function of each block.
- f) What is multiplexer ? Draw logical symbol of 8 : 1 multiplexer.

**4. Attempt any four :****16**

- a) State the advantages and disadvantages of mechatronic system. (any 2)
- b) Compare electrical and mechanical transducers. (any 4 points)
- c) Implement AND gate and OR gate using NAND gate only.
- d) Sketch and explain block diagram of PLC.
- e) Draw the equivalent circuit of UJT. Explain its I-V characteristics.
- f) Explain single stage RC coupled amplifier with frequency response.

**5. Attempt any four :****16**

- a) Compare full wave rectifier and half wave rectifier. (any 4 points)
- b) Explain how transistor is used as a switch with neat diagram.
- c) Draw the block diagram of IC 555 and label it. List its two features.
- d) Explain master slave JK flip-flop. What is Race around condition ?
- e) What is data logger ? State applications of data logger. (any 2 applications)
- f) State functions and applications of robotic system. (each two)

**6. Attempt any four :****16**

- a) Draw LC filter with full wave rectifier. Also draw its waveform.
  - b) Draw the circuit diagram of Instrumentation amplifier using op-amp and label it.
  - c) Compare microprocessor and microcontroller. (any four points)
  - d) Develop ladder diagram to verify following Boolean equation :
    - 1)  $A + B + C = Y$
    - 2)  $A.B.C = X$
    - 3)  $A + (B \oplus C) = Z$
  - e) Calculate the gain of inverting and non inverting amplifier if  $R_F = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $R_i = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ .
  - f) Draw the circuit of op-amp as a summing amplifier and obtain an expression for its output.
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